

Integrated 15W wireless charging transmitter SOC which support PD input

Features

- Compliant with the WPC v1.33 specifications transmitter design
- Support 5~15W applications
 - ◇ Single 5W applications
 - ◇ Fast charge input for 5~15W applications
 - 5V input for 5W output application
 - 9V input for 5W, 7.5W, 10W output application
 - ◇ Support multi-coil scheme(two coils, three coils)
- Integrate NMOS full bridge driver and full bridge power MOS
- Integrate voltage/current demodulator
- Support FOD (Foreign Object Detection) function
 - ◇ High sensitivity
 - ◇ Support dynamic FOD
 - ◇ External resistor adjusts FOD parameters
- Low quiescent dissipation and high efficiency
 - ◇ 10mA quiescent current
 - ◇ Charging efficiency is up to 80
- Compatible with NPO and CBB capacitors
- Support Dynamic Power Modulation (DPM) for insufficient USB power source
 - ◇ Support low voltage charger of 5V/500mA
- Input over voltage, over current, under voltage protection
- Support firmware upgrade repeatedly
- Support PD3.0 input request
- Support DPDM Fast Charge input request
- Support Qi protocol BPP, PPDE certification
- Support NTC over temperature protection
- Support up to 3 LEDs indication
- Package: 5 mm × 5 mm 0.5pitch QFN32

Description

IP6829 is a wireless power transmitter controller SoC that integrates all required functions for the latest WPC Qi V1.3 specifications compliant wireless power transmitter design. Support A11, A11a, MP-A2 coil, support 5W, Apple 7.5W, Samsung 10W, 15W charging. It used analog PING to detect a RX wireless device for charging. Once RX device is detected, the IP6829 establish a communication with the RX wireless device and controls the coil power transfer by adjusting operation frequency, depended on calculating the data packages, received from RX device, with PID algorithm. IP6829 terminate power transfer when RX device is fully charged.

IP6829 integrate full-bridge driver and full bridge power MOS, includes voltage and current two-way ASK demodulation module. IP6829 is a highly integrated SoC for small-size and low bom cost solutions and reduced time-to-market.

Applications

- Charge Jacket, wireless charging base
- Car wireless charging device

System Functional Diagram

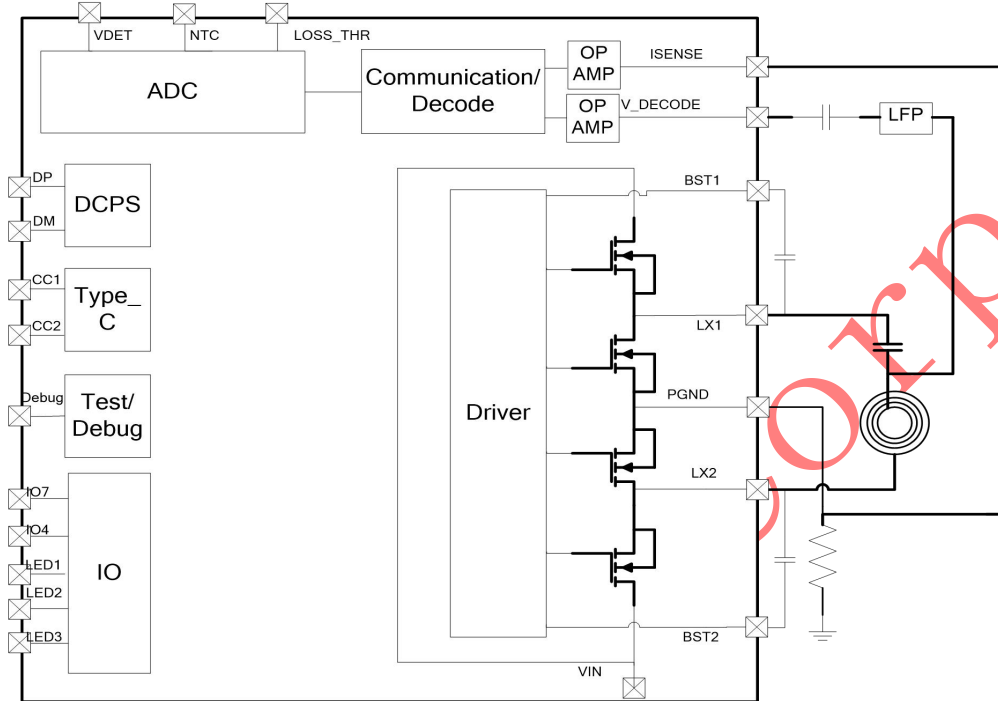


Figure 1 System functional diagram

1. Pin Description

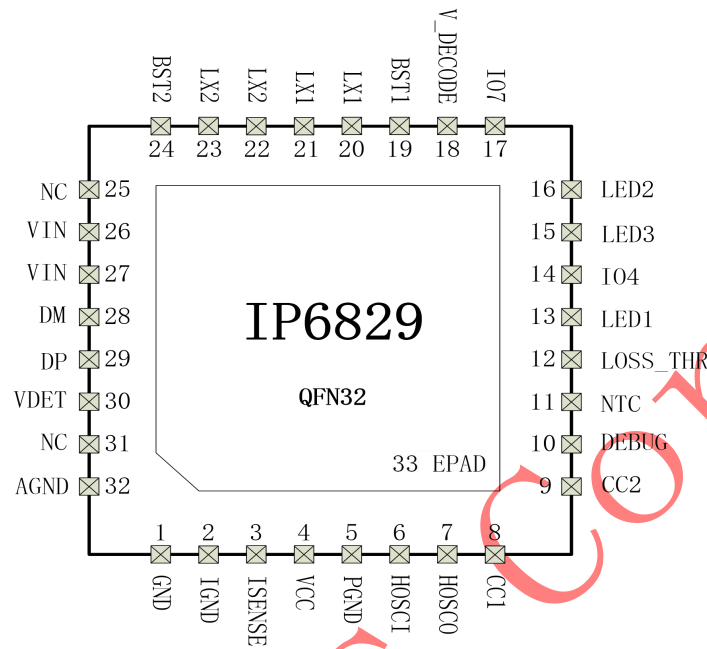


Figure 2 IP6829 PIN diagram

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Description |
|---------|----------|--|
| 1 | GND | Analog Ground |
| 2 | IGND | Current communication/demodulation negative input |
| 3 | ISENSE | Current communication/demodulation positive input |
| 4 | VCC | Internal VCC supply, powered from VIN to 100R resistor or 4V LDO |
| 5 | PGND | The power ground of the internal power MOS transistor is connected to the external 20 mΩ sampling resistor positive terminal |
| 6 | HOSCI | External crystal oscillator input |
| 7 | HOSCO | External crystal oscillator output |
| 8 | CC1 | Type_C detection pin CC1 |
| 9 | CC2 | Type_C detection pin CC2 |
| 10 | DEBUG | Debug pin, serial output print information |
| 11 | NTC | NTC input PIN |
| 12 | LOSS_THR | Dynamic FOD parameter adjustment/PCB NTC input PIN |
| 13 | LED1 | LED1 output |
| 14 | IO4 | Internal GPIO4 |
| 15 | LED3 | LED3 output |
| 16 | LED2 | LED2 output |

| | | |
|----|-------------|--|
| 17 | IO7 | Internal GPIO7 |
| 18 | V_DECODE | Voltage communication/demodulation input |
| 19 | BST1 | Internal high voltage drive, connect to capacitor to LX1 |
| 20 | LX1 | H-bridge switching node 1 |
| 21 | LX1 | H-bridge switching node 1 |
| 22 | LX2 | H-bridge switching node 2 |
| 23 | LX2 | H-bridge switching node 2 |
| 24 | BST2 | Internal high voltage drive, connect to capacitor to LX2 |
| 25 | NC | NC PIN is left floating and cannot be grounded |
| 26 | VIN | External voltage input PIN |
| 27 | VIN | External voltage input PIN |
| 28 | DM | USB DM |
| 29 | DP | USB DP |
| 30 | VDET | Coil voltage sense input |
| 31 | NC | NC PIN is left floating and cannot be grounded |
| 32 | AGND | Analog Ground |
| 33 | EPAD (PGND) | The power ground of the internal power MOS transistor is connected to the external 20 mΩ sampling resistor positive terminal |

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameters | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|------------------|------|-----|------|
| Input Voltage Range | VIN | -0.3 | 16 | V |
| | VCC | -0.3 | 12 | |
| | DP,DM | -0.3 | 8 | |
| Junction Temperature Range | T _J | -40 | 125 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{stg} | -60 | 125 | °C |
| Package Thermal Resistance | θ _{JA} | 40 | | °C/W |
| Human Body Model (HBM) | ESD | 4KV | | V |

*Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

3. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameters | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------|-----|---------|------|
| VIN input Voltage Range | VIN | 4.5 | 5/9 | 12 | V |
| I/O Voltage Range | LED1,LED2,LED3 | GND-0.3 | | VCC+0.3 | V |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------|--|---------|
| | NTC,LOSS_THR | GND-0.3 | | VCC+0.3 |
| | IO4,IO7 | GND-0.3 | | VCC+0.3 |
| | DP, DM,CC1,CC2 | GND-0.3 | | 5.5 |

*Devices' performance cannot be guaranteed when working beyond those Recommended Operating Conditions.

4. Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, TA =25°C

| Parameters | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Condition |
|----------------|--|---------|-----|---------|------|--|
| VIN | | 4.5 | 5/9 | 12 | V | |
| VCC | | 3.8 | 4.2 | 5 | V | |
| VIH | Input high level | 0.7xVCC | | | V | |
| VIL | Input low level | | | 0.3xVCC | V | |
| VOH | Input high level | | VCC | | V | |
| VOL | Input low level | | GND | | V | |
| Source current | LED1, LED2, LED3 output current capability | | 2 | 4 | mA | Source current to output high level is 0.8xVCC |
| Rds | Drive bridge MOS tube impedance | | 25 | | mΩ | |

5. Function Description

PD fast charge input request

The built-in PD protocol input request module can apply for fast charging voltage to the PD adapter through CC1 and CC2.

Full-bridge and Power MOS

IP6829 includes two symmetry half-bridge drive module with built-in power MOS.

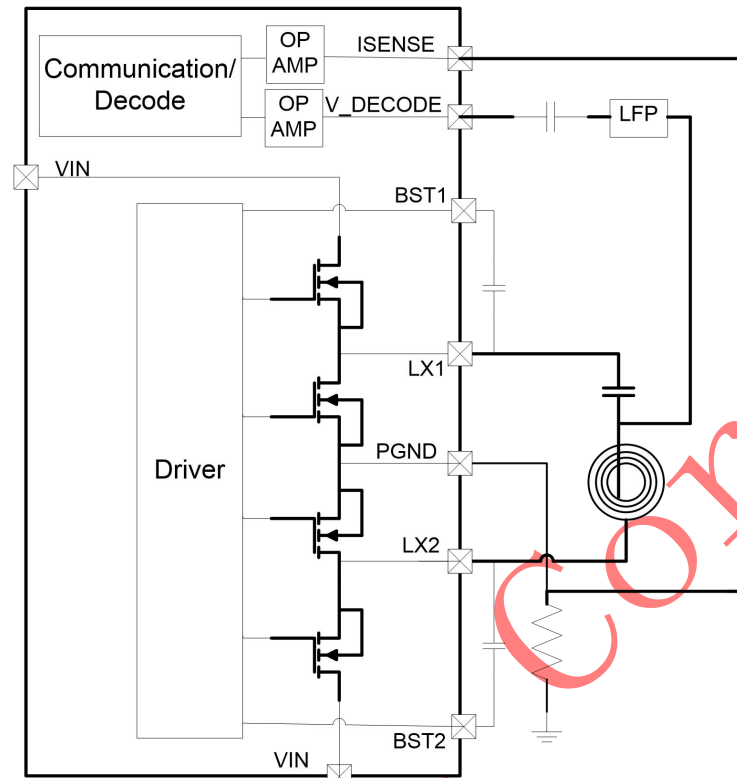


Figure 3 full-bridge drive application circuit

DPM

IP6829 support Dynamic Power Management function for USB power source with insufficient power supply ability, which can guarantee the charging status will not break off or suspend. When the system detect the input voltage is lower than 4.3V, DPM function will be enabled and the transmitting power will be reduced. When the input voltage returns to above 4.75V and the input current is reduced by 200mA compared to when entering DPM, the system exits the DPM state.

Digital Demodulation

Integrate two-way ASK demodulation module, sampling the voltage and current of the coil separately. Current demodulation, additional separate devices are needed for low pass filters and first amplifier, signals is send to IC for digital demodulation and decode after DC blocked.

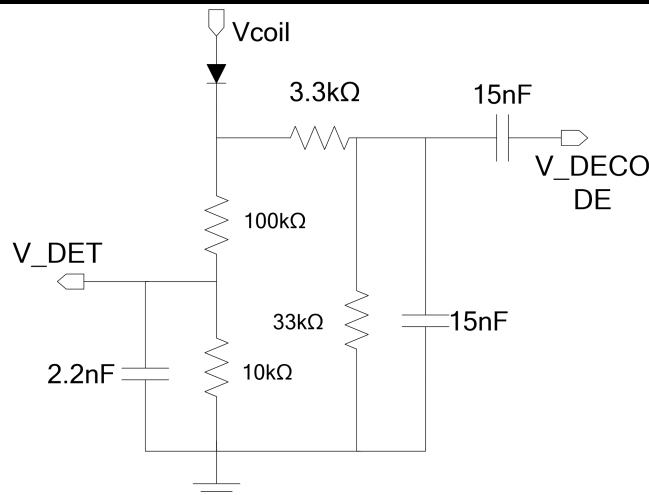


Figure 4 Voltage ASK demodulation external circuit

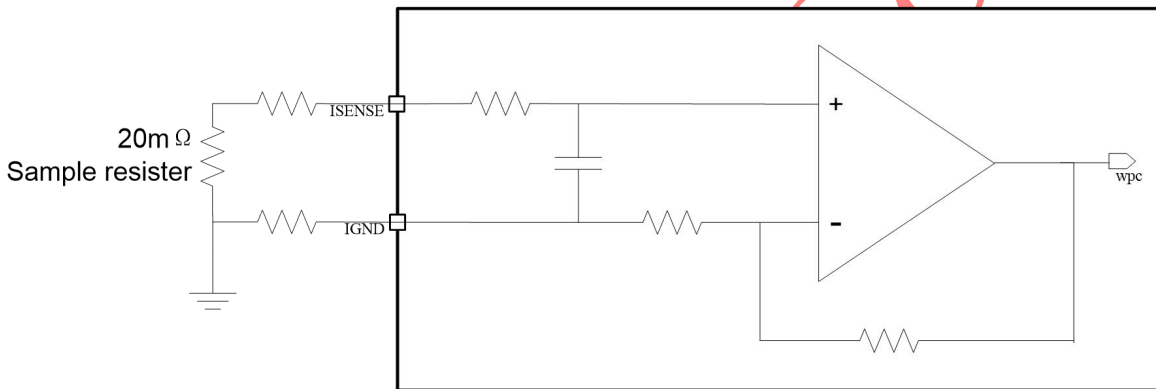
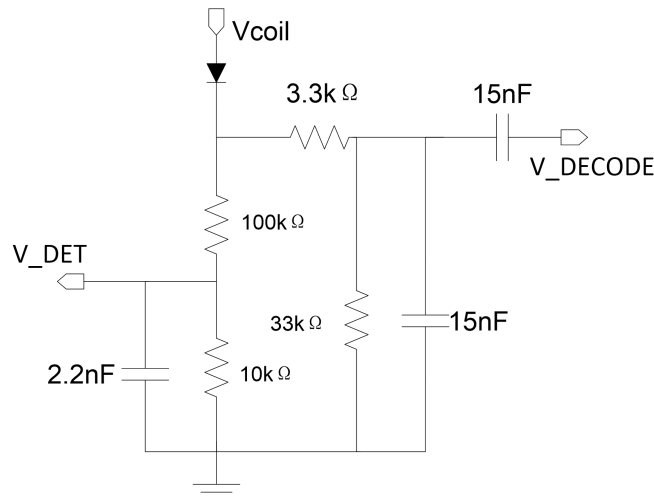


Figure 5 Current ASK demodulation external circuit

FOD parameter adjustment

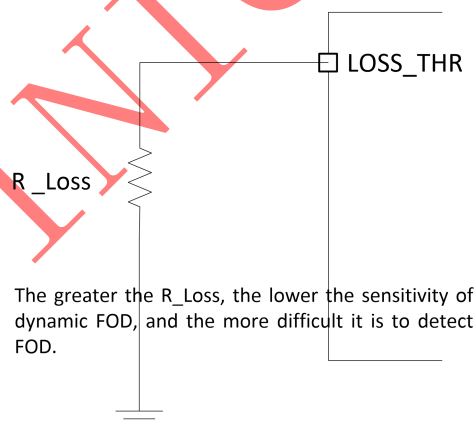
IP6829 supports static FOD foreign object detection and dynamic FOD foreign object detection;
 Static FOD means that foreign objects on the coil can be detected without wireless charging;
 Dynamic FOD means that foreign objects on the coil can be detected while charging wirelessly;

The IP6829 can adjust the sensitivity of the static FOD by adjusting the capacitance on the V_DET pin; the default is to connect the 2.2nF capacitor to ground, standard static FOD sensitivity: the greater the capacitance, the higher the sensitivity of static FOD, and the easier to detect foreign bodies.



The larger the capacitance, the higher the sensitivity of the static FOD, and the easier it is to detect foreign bodies.

IP6829 can adjust the sensitivity of dynamic FOD by external resistor to GND on the LOSS_THR pin; The LOSS_THR pin defaults to a 100K resistor to ground, using standard dynamic FOD sensitivity; The larger the external resistor R_Loss of LOSS_THR, the lower the sensitivity of dynamic FOD, the less easy to detect FOD; The sensitivity of the dynamic FOD is set only by detecting the resistance of the LOSS_THR pin at power-on; $50K < R_{LOSS} \text{ resistor} < 130K$.

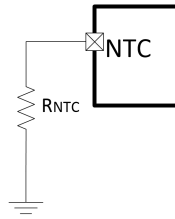


NTC Thermal Protection

The NTC pin of the IP6829 is fixed to output 20uA current, and the NTC PIN determines the NTC temperature by sampling the voltage of the NTC pin. The NTC thermal shutdown protection is for enhancement application, but not limited to thermal shutdown. When NTC voltage is lower than 0.48V, the system will terminate the power transmission. After entering NTC protection, the NTC voltage is greater than 0.70V, and normal charging resumes. If NTC is not used, this pin is grounded through a 100K resistor.

NTC resistor selection, refer to the following stage:

1. Refer to NTC resistor data handbook, search the resistor-temperature relation sheet
2. Find the related resistor R_NTC according to the protection temperature



Recommended parameters of thermal resistor: RNTC=100K@25 degrees Celsius B=3950;

LED Status Indicator

IP6829 can drive 2 LEDs directly through serial current-limit resistor. LEDs' status and system status relations are listed below:

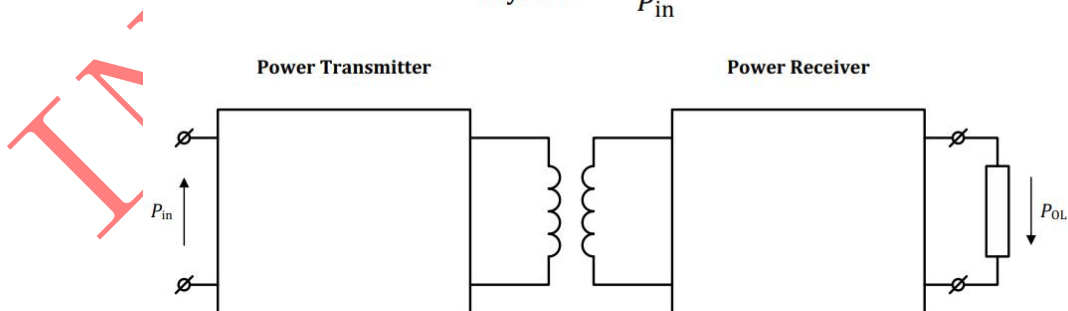
| Status | LED1 | LED2 |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Power-on | Flashing three times simultaneously | |
| Standby | Off | Off |
| Charging | On | Off |
| Abnormal | Off | Flashing |
| Charge complete | Off | On |

Firmware can be modified by customization or configuration tools to support up to three LEDs, Support breathing, flashing, always bright, always dark, pwm to adjust the brightness.

Test Waveform

Using IDT P9221_R solution for RX device, the relationship of efficiency and system output power and test method are outlined below.

$$\eta_{\text{system}} = \frac{P_{\text{OL}}}{P_{\text{in}}}$$



VOUT=5V

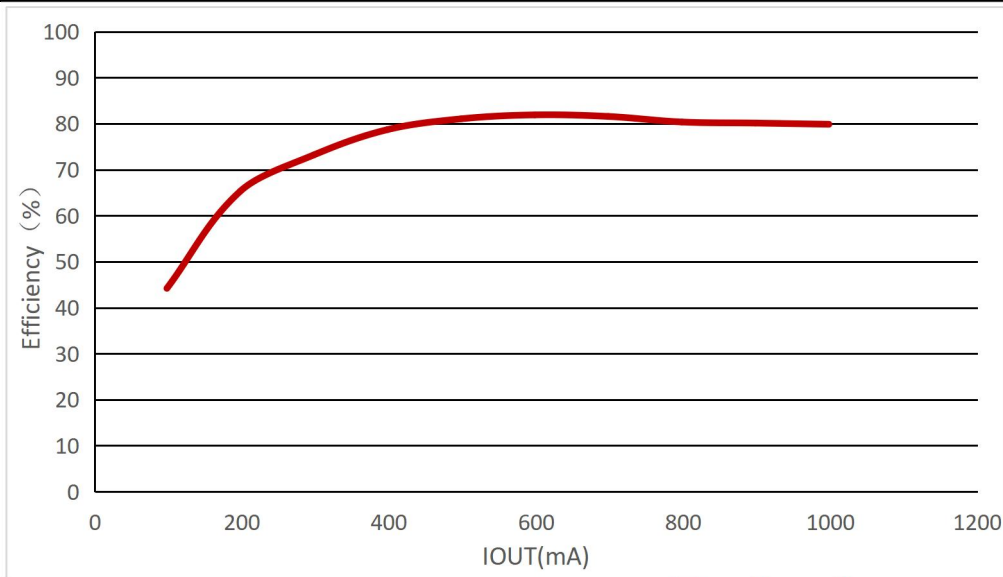


Figure 6 System efficiency (using IDT P_9221_R RX)

VOUT=9V

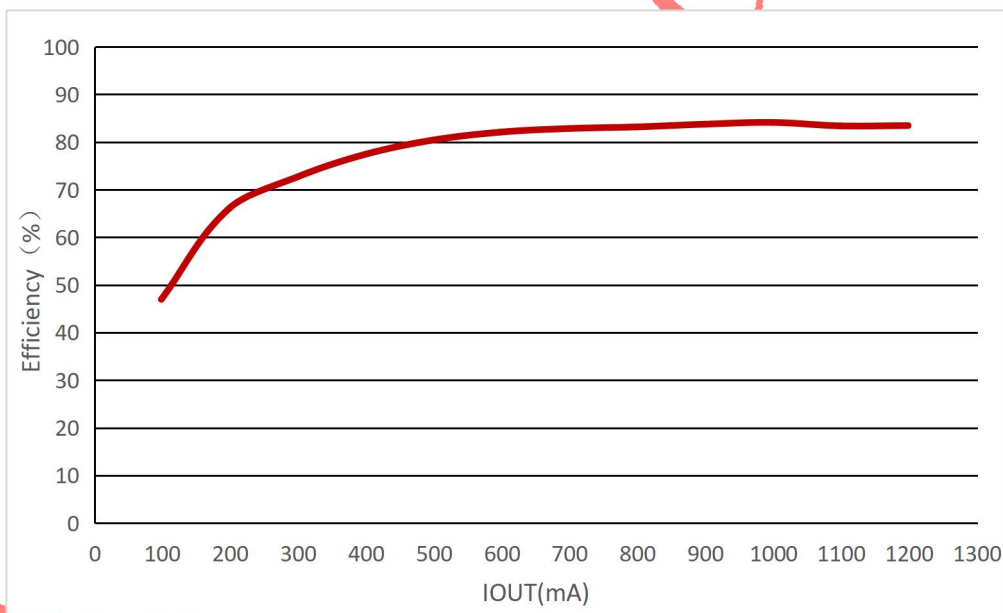


Figure 7 System efficiency (using IDT P_9221_R RX)

VOUT=12V

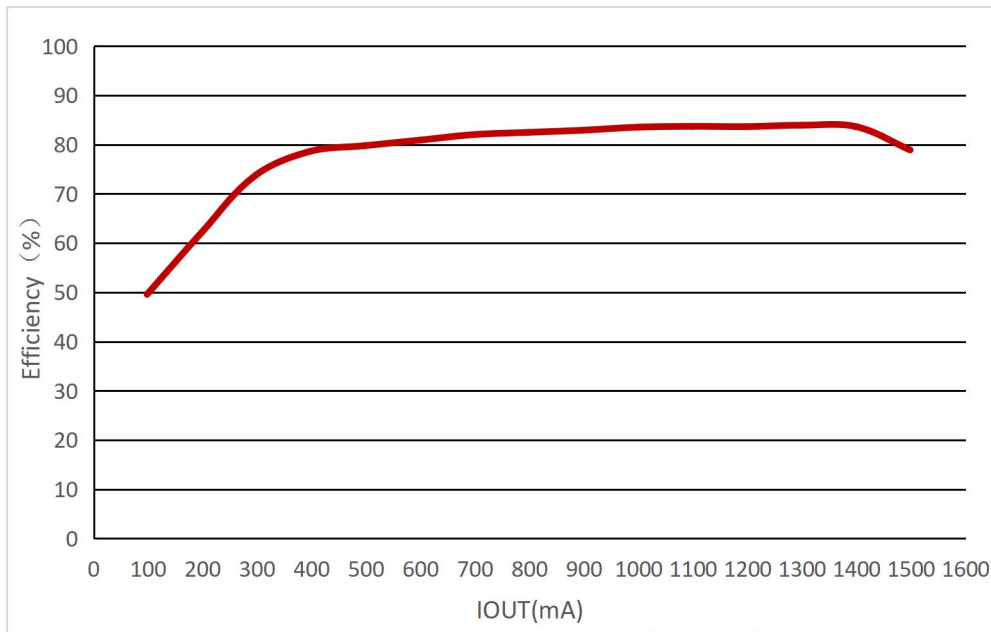


Figure 8 System efficiency (using IDT P_9221_R RX)

6. Operating Instructions

IP6829 realizes wireless charging schemes of different powers according to the matching of different transmitting coils and resonant capacitors.

According to customer needs, 10uH coil with 250nF resonant capacitor, and 6.3uH coil with 400nF resonant capacitor.

7. Firmware Upgrade Instructions

IP6829 can be repeatedly burned firmware, you need to use the supporting upgrade tools to upgrade.

8. Typical Application Schematic

IP6829 wireless charging solution only needs capacitors, resistors and few passive devices.

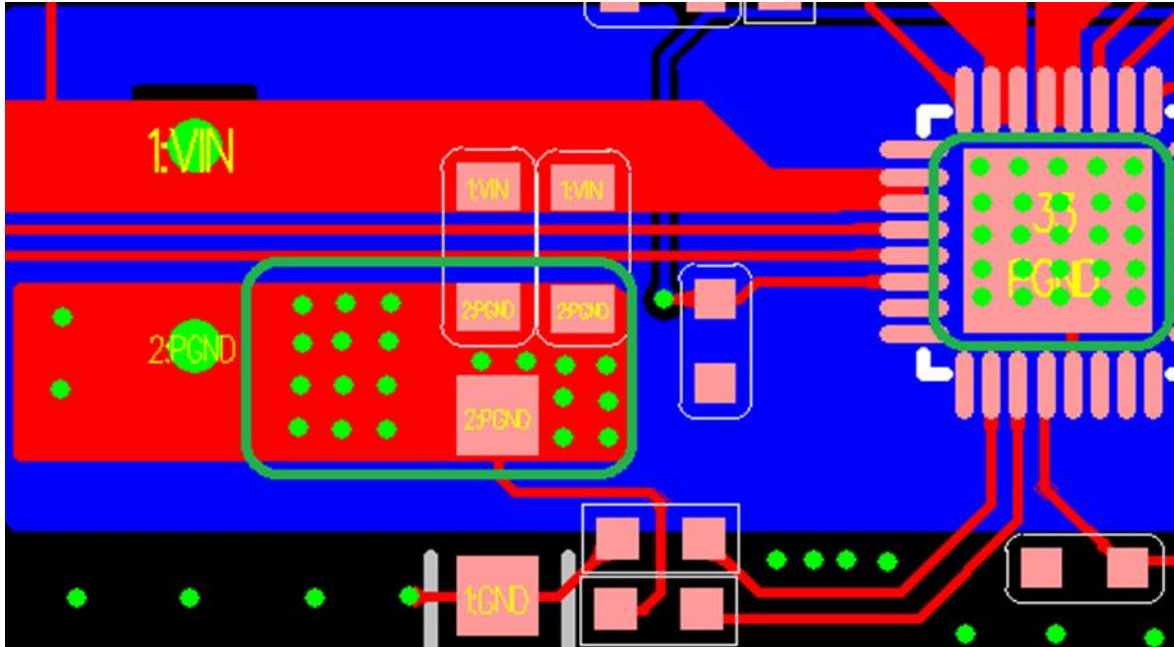
BST1, BST2 boost capacitors C6, C8 can't be omitted.

BOM List

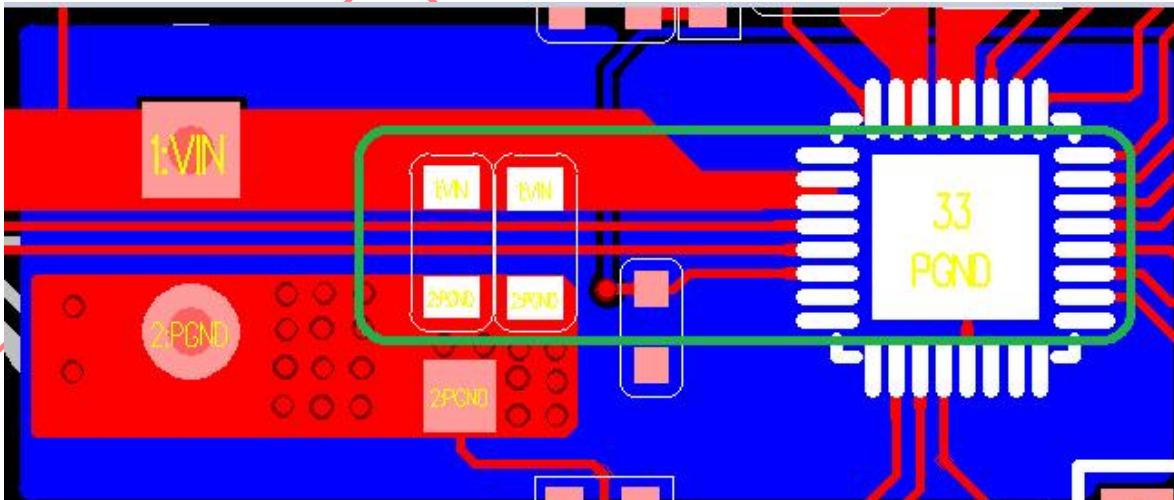
| Item | Part Name | Description&specification | Description | Qty |
|------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | LED | LED2,LED1 | LED0805 | 2 |
| 2 | IN5819 | D1 | SOD-523_L1.2-W0.8-LS1.6-RD | 1 |
| 3 | 250nF | C1-C4 | CAP-TH_L13.0-W7.5-P10.00-D1.0 | 1 |
| 4 | 15nF | C10,C11,C12 | C0603 | 3 |
| 5 | 2.2nF | C5 | C0603 | 1 |
| 6 | 100nF | C4,C6,C8 | C0603 | 3 |
| 7 | 2.2uF | C7 | C0603 | 1 |
| 8 | IP6829 | U1 | QFN-32_L5.0-W5.0-P0.50-BL-EP3.4 | 1 |
| 9 | 100k Ω | RNTC | R0603 | 1 |
| 10 | 10uH | L1 | IND-SMD_L2.5-W2.0 | 1 |
| 11 | 33k | R25 | R0603 | 1 |
| 12 | 3.3k | R22 | R0603 | 1 |
| 13 | 100k | R20,R27 | R0603 | 2 |
| 14 | 1k | R24,R23 | R0603 | 2 |
| 15 | 10k | R21 | R0603 | 1 |
| 16 | 10uF | C1 | C0805 | 1 |
| 17 | 22uF | C2,C3 | C0805 | 2 |
| 18 | 20mR | R16 | R0603 | 1 |
| 19 | TYPE-C-31-M-12 | USBC1 | USB-C_SMD-TYPE-C-31-M-12 | 1 |

9. Layout Notifications

- As shown in the following figure: current sampling resistance and IP6829's PGND are power lines, which need to be as short as possible, and more holes need to be added when changing layers;

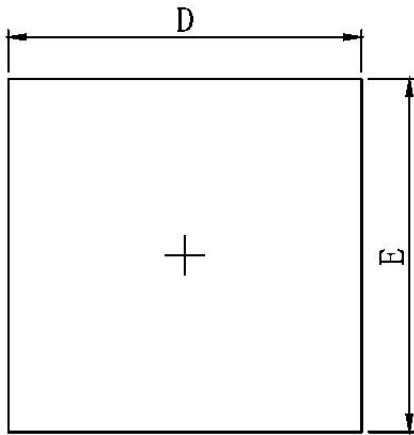


- As shown in the following figure: input the filter capacitance between VIN and PGND, the smaller the ring road area, the better;

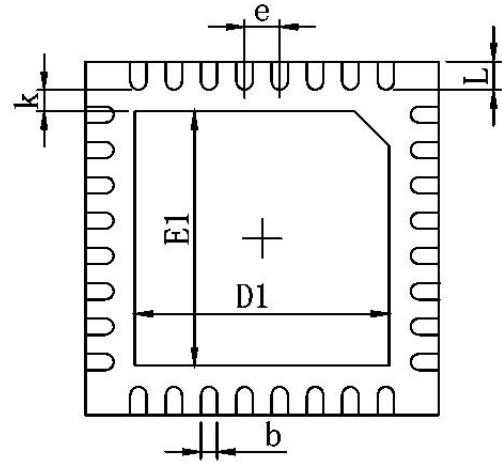


- The capacitor of the 4th VCC shall have a sufficient capacity of 2.2UF and shall be located close to the Chip Pin; and the Ground Circuit from the 4th VCC capacitor to the 1st Chip Pin shall not be cut off by other signals.
- As shown in the following figure: Sampling routes from current sampling resistors to IP6829 ISENSE and IGND need separate leads from both ends of resistors, not to coincide with the power routes of the same network and to be as short as possible, while away from resonant capacitors and coils.

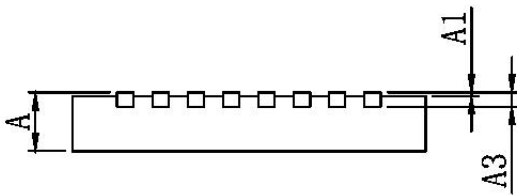
10. Package



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW

| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| A | 0.700 | 0.800 | 0.028 | 0.031 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.000 | 0.002 |
| A3 | 0.203REF. | | 0.008REF. | |
| D | 4.924 | 5.076 | 0.194 | 0.200 |
| E | 4.924 | 5.076 | 0.194 | 0.200 |
| D1 | 3.300 | 3.500 | 0.130 | 0.138 |
| E1 | 3.300 | 3.500 | 0.130 | 0.138 |
| k | 0.200MIN. | | 0.008MIN. | |
| b | 0.200 | 0.300 | 0.008 | 0.012 |
| e | 0.500TYP. | | 0.020TYP. | |
| L | 0.324 | 0.476 | 0.013 | 0.019 |

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